

MiFID II • LUXEMBOURG

MiFID II – Luxembourg Regulatory Framework, Supervision and Compliance Implementation

▲ 6 chapters

▲ Transposition, CSSF supervision, operational implementation and case study

6 CHAPTERS

▲ Training programme

1 Transposition of MiFID II in Luxembourg

1.1 Legal framework

- ▶ MiFID II Directive and MiFIR Regulation
- ▶ Law of 30 May 2018
- ▶ Amendment of the Law of 5 April 1993

1.3 Key regulatory pillars

- ▶ Client classification
- ▶ Conduct of business rules and product governance

1.2 Objectives of the transposition

- ▶ Investor protection
- ▶ Market integrity and transparency
- ▶ Adaptation to Luxembourg market specificities
- ▶ Recording of communications
- ▶ Transaction reporting

2 Central Role of the CSSF

2.1 Core missions

- ▶ Competent authority for MiFID II
- ▶ Interpretation and enforcement of the legal framework

2.3 Regulatory guidance and sanctions

- ▶ Circulars, FAQs and guidelines
- ▶ Administrative sanctions

2.2 Supervision and controls

- ▶ Off-site and on-site inspections
- ▶ Analysis of transaction reporting

3 Luxembourg-Specific Compliance Requirements

3.1 CSSF Circular 18/698

- ▶ Governance and internal organisation
- ▶ Compliance function and management responsibility

3.3 Enhanced supervisory approach

- ▶ Thematic reviews
- ▶ Industry questionnaires
- ▶ CSSF on-site inspections

3.2 Internal controls and audits

- ▶ MiFID II internal audit
- ▶ Periodic reviews and traceability

4 Operational Implementation of MiFID II

4.1 Integration into business processes

- ▶ Cross-functional organisation
- ▶ Compliance by design

4.3 Front-office training

- ▶ Initial training
- ▶ Ongoing training and assessments

4.5 Compliance reporting

- ▶ Annual compliance report
- ▶ Action plans and follow-up

4.2 Regulatory documentation

- ▶ Key MiFID II policies
- ▶ Consistency and regular updates

4.4 Post-trade monitoring

- ▶ Suitability and quality of advice
- ▶ Best execution and sensitive transactions

4.6 Preparation for CSSF inspections

- ▶ Compliance file
- ▶ Mock audits
- ▶ Management of inspections

5 Case Study and Key Takeaways

5.1 Presentation of a sanctioned breach

- ▶ Failure to perform suitability assessment
- ▶ Lack of documentation and client information

5.3 Expected best practices

- ▶ Formalised suitability testing
- ▶ Documented investment advice
- ▶ Clear and transparent client information

5.2 CSSF findings and sanctions

5.4 Key lessons for compliance

- ▶ Evidence is critical
- ▶ Anticipation and controls are essential

6 Conclusion

KEY LESSON

Evidence is critical, anticipation and controls are essential.